





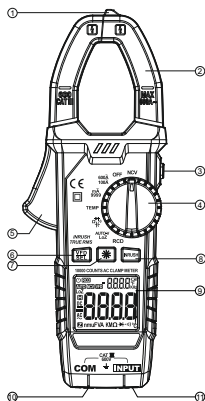
EN

Basic product data

Current clamp meter CM1C of ARMA2L 5 series of IEK trademark (hereinafter – clamp meter) is a multifunctional device with high measurement accuracy with TRUE RMS function.

The clamp meter meets the requirements of LVD Directive 2014/35/EU, EMC Directive 2014/30/EU, RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU and IEC 61010-1 (pollution degree 2), measurement category CAT III 600 V and having a double insulation.

Display and operating elements



- 1 Sensor for non-contact indication of the voltage presence (NCV)
2 Clamp meters
3 Button for fixing the display readings and on the flashlight
4 Rotary switch for measuring function
5 Clamps opening button
6 Button for selecting functions and enabling VFD mode
7 Display backlight button
8 INRUSH mode button (inrush current)
9 LCD display
10 Common terminal for all measurements
11 Measurement input terminal

Symbols used on the body of the clamp meter and in the passport

Table with 3 columns: Symbol, Description, and Reference. Includes symbols for electric shock, AC, DC, AC/DC, CAT III 600V, and CE mark.

Symbols used on the rotary switch

Table with 3 columns: Symbol, Description, and Reference. Includes symbols for clamp meter off, current measurement, RCD test function, and temperature measurement.

Symbols used on the display

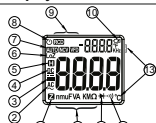


Table with 3 columns: Symbol, Description, and Reference. Includes symbols for zeroing mode, AC current measurement, negative value, DC current measurement, display fixing mode, voltage measurement, automatic measuring range, and automatic shutdown.

Safety precaution

- To avoid electric shock, the following rules must be observed:
- Read all instructions carefully.
- Read the safety instructions before using the device.
- Use the device only for its intended purpose.
- Do not use the clamp meter in explosive gas, vapour, or high humidity areas.
- If the clamp meter is damaged, turn it off and do not use.
- Inspect the device before use.
- Do not exceed the permitted measurement category (CAT).
- Do not use damaged probes (wires).
- Do not apply to the terminals or between of any terminal and ground voltage higher than the nominal voltage indicated on the device or in the passport.
- Before starting operation, make sure that the device is working by measuring a known voltage within the measurement range.

- Do not take measurements while display fixing mode (HOLD) is on.
Do not touch terminals with voltage more than 30 V (AC RMS) or 42 V (AC peak value) or 60 V DC.
When measuring, hold the probes up to the protective stop.
Use the batteries specified in this passport.
If the low battery indicator lights up, replace the batteries before use.
If possible, do not take measurements alone.
For repair clamp meter, contact a certified technician.
If the device is not used for a long time, remove the batteries and observe the storage conditions specified in this passport.

Instructions for clamp meter operation

Fixing the display readings and a flashlight

To fixing the display readings during measurement, press once the button (L), located on the side (position 3), the display will show the symbol (H). To turn on or off the flashlight, press the button (L) for 2 seconds.

Non-contact indication of the voltage presence (NCV button)

The operation of the indication can be affected by factors such as the object design under study, the thickness and type of insulation. Do not rely solely on non-contact wire voltage indication. Voltage may be present even if the indicator does not show it, and false alarms due to electromagnetic interference are also possible.

- 1. Set the rotary switch to the position (NCV).
2. The sensor is located on the top of the clamp meter (position 1). Bring the sensor close to the object under test. If the voltage is higher than 90 V, the red LED blinks and a frequent beep.

Display backlight

To turn on/off the backlight of the display, press the button (L). Display backlight turns off automatically after 15 seconds.

Automatic shutdown

By default, the clamp meter turns off automatically after 15 minutes of inactivity. To disable the starting an electric motor, hold down the button (L) and set the rotary switch to the operating mode to any position. In this case, the symbol (M) will not appear on the display.

When you turn it back on, the function will be active again. Measurements in VFD mode In AC current or voltage measurement modes, press the (L) button for 2 seconds to enable/disable VFD mode.

AC current measurement (clamps)

When measuring current, disconnect the test wires (probes) from the device.

- Do not touch the clamps while measuring the current!
1. Set the rotary switch to the position (600A) – if the measured current is up to 600 A or (999A) – if the measured current is up to 9999 mA.
2. Open the clamps by pressing the clamps release button and place the conductor in the clamps.
3. Close the clamps and position the conductor according to the alignment marks on the clamps.

Current clamps can also detect inrush current in INRUSH mode. For example, when starting an electric motor. Press the button (L) and the symbol (M) will appear on the display. 5. Start the device under test, the display will show the value of the inrush current.

Notes: Currents flowing in opposite directions cancel each other out. If the currents flow in opposite directions, place one conductor at a time in the clamps.

Measurement of alternating (AC) or direct (DC) current voltage in low impedance mode

Do not measure above 600 V DC or AC to prevent the risk of electric shock and/or damage to the device.

Use the correct input terminals, switch position and measuring range.

- Never put in series when you measure the voltage in the circuit.
1. Set the rotary switch to the position (AUTO-V LoZ) – for measuring voltage in low impedance mode. The choice of the current type occurs in automatic mode.
2. Connect the black probe to the input terminal (COM), the red probe to the measurement terminal (INPUT).
3. Measure the voltage by touching the probes to the desired points of the circuit under study. When measuring DC voltage, the polarity is displayed relative to the red probe.
4. When the AC voltage measurement mode (AC) is on, press the button (L) for 2 seconds to turn on the V.F.D mode.

Resistance measurement

To prevent the risk of electric shock, damage of the clamp meter or device under test, power off the circuit under test and fully discharge all capacitors before measuring resistance.

- 1. Turn the rotary switch to the position (LoZ), by default, resistance measurement mode is enabled. Press the button (L) to switch modes.
2. Connect the black probe to the input terminal (COM), the red probe to the measurement terminal (INPUT).
3. Measure the resistance by touching the probes to the desired points of the circuit under study.

Notes: When measuring low resistances, test probes can introduce an error. In order to provide the best accuracy for low resistance measurements, the resistance of the probes must be considered. To compensate for this resistance, short-circuit the probes, subtract the resulting resistance from the measured resistances of the circuit under test.

When measuring high resistances (more than 20 MΩ), it may take a few seconds for the reading to stabilize. If the probes are open or the measuring range is exceeded, the display will show OL.

Diode check and circle continuity test

To prevent the risk of electric shock, damage of the clamp meter or device under test, power off the circuit under test and fully discharge all capacitors before measuring.

- 1. Turn the rotary switch to the position (Diode), by default, resistance measurement mode is enabled, switch to diode test mode, the symbol (D) will appear on the screen. Press the button (L) to switch modes.
2. Connect the black probe to the input terminal (COM), the red probe to the measurement terminal (INPUT).
3. Connect the red test probe to the anode and the black test probe to the cathode of the diode under test. The display will show the approximate voltage drop across the diode when direct current flows through it. When connected in reverse, the display will show OL.
4. To check the continuity of the circuit, switch the continuity mode, the symbol (C) will appear on the screen.
5. If the circuit resistance measurement is less than 30 Ω and the circuit violation does not disturb, the buzzer will sound and the red LED will light up. The display will show the circuit resistance value.

Capacitance measurement

To prevent the risk of electric shock, damage of the clamp meter or device under test, power off the circuit under test and fully discharge all capacitors before measuring.

- 1. Turn the rotary switch to the position (Cap), by default, resistance measurement mode is enabled, switch to capacitance measurement mode, the capacitance unit symbols (nμF) will appear on the screen. Press the button (L) to switch modes.
2. Connect the black probe to the input terminal (COM), the red probe to the measurement terminal (INPUT).
3. Measure the electrical capacitance by touching the probes to the desired points of the circuit under test.
Notes: When measuring large capacities, it may take a few seconds for the reading to stabilize. If the measurement limits are exceeded, the display will show OL.

Temperature measurement

Use K-type thermocouple for accurate temperature measurement.

- 1. Turn the rotary switch to the position (TEMP).
2. Connect the black probe to the input terminal (COM), the red probe to the measurement terminal (INPUT).
3. Attach the thermocouple to the object to be tested.

RCD test mode

- 1. Turn the rotary switch to the position (RCD).
2. Connect the black probe to the input terminal (COM), the red probe to the measurement terminal (INPUT).
3. The probes are connected between the phase conductor and the earth wire. The safety device must operate at the moment of contact. If the protection device does not work, this means that the residual current device or the line is faulty and needs to be repaired.

Technical data

Table with 2 columns: Parameter and Value. Includes maximum voltage, display counts, operating temperature, power source, automatic shutdown time, degree of protection, complete set, service life, warranty period, compatible accessories, dimensions, and weight.

The measurement error is indicated in the following format: ± (X3% + X2 dgt), where X1 – percentage of measured value X2 – number of least significant digit values (dgt).

AC current

Table with 5 columns: Function, Pictogram, Range, Accuracy, Error. Shows AC current measurement ranges and accuracies for 600A and 100A/999A.

Surge AC current in INRUSH mode

Table with 5 columns: Function, Pictogram, Range, Accuracy, Error. Shows surge AC current measurement ranges and accuracies for 9999 mA and 100 A/200 A.

DC Voltage

Table with 5 columns: Function, Pictogram, Range, Accuracy, Error. Shows DC voltage measurement ranges and accuracies for 600 V and 1 V.

AC Voltage

Table with 5 columns: Function, Pictogram, Range, Accuracy, Error. Shows AC voltage measurement ranges and accuracies for 100 V and 600 V.

Input resistance: 1 MΩ Maximum input voltage: 600 V Frequency range: 40 Hz – 1000 Hz

Resistance

Table with 5 columns: Function, Pictogram, Range, Accuracy, Error. Shows resistance measurement ranges and accuracies for 1 kΩ, 10 kΩ, 100 kΩ, 1 MΩ, 10 MΩ, and 100 MΩ.

Capacitance

Table with 5 columns: Function, Pictogram, Range, Accuracy, Error. Shows capacitance measurement ranges and accuracies for 10 nF, 100 nF, 1 μF, 10 μF, 100 μF, 1 mF, and 60 mF.

Overload protection: 250 V DC/AC

Temperature

Table with 5 columns: Function, Pictogram, Range, Accuracy, Error. Shows temperature measurement ranges and accuracies for -20 °C to 1000 °C and -4 °F to 1832 °F.

Overload protection: 250 V